Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413 Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

Eat, Shop, Explore: The Ultimate Guide to Experiencing Taiwan's Night Markets

Mukhamad Zulianto

¹Asia Pacific Regional Studies, College of Humanities and Social Sciences, National Dong Hwa University, Taiwan email: 81120b004@gms.ndhu.edu.tw
Submited: 3 May 2024, Review: 5 June 2024, Published: 30 June 2024

ABSTRACT

Taiwan's night markets are vibrant cultural hubs offering many experiences, ranging from culinary delights to unique shopping finds and immersive cultural encounters. This qualitative research aims to provide an in-depth exploration of Taiwan's night markets, focusing on the experiences of both locals and tourists. Through interviews, observations, and analysis, this paper uncovers the multifaceted aspects of Taiwan's night markets, highlighting their significance as socio-cultural spaces and tourism attractions. By delving into the sensory, social, and economic dimensions of night market experiences, this paper offers insights into the rich tapestry of Taiwanese street culture and its impact on local communities and the tourism industry.

Keywords: Night markets, culinary experiences, cultural exploration, tourism.

INTRODUCTION

Taiwan's night markets have garnered international acclaim for their lively atmosphere, diverse offerings, and authentic cultural experiences. The celebrated Shilin night market in Taipei that st899, as well as other informal night markets that cater catering to tourists (Kanekar, 2024). Around the world, a growing number of widely attended, but not well researched, entrepreneurial events—like farmer's markets, festivals, art walks, night markets, and other seasonal get-togethers—often occur as a way for communities to connect (Short et al., 2024). These bustling bazaars, illuminated by colorful lights and filled with tantalizing aromas, are focal points of social interaction, culinary innovation, and economic activity. Four groups of people have different perspectives on how the night market in Taiwan affects the locals: those who live nearby and enjoy the night market's prosperity, those who detest tourists but don't mind the vendors, and those who have incorporated the night market into their daily lives (Hung & Wu, 2020)Even with their growing popularity, Taiwan's night markets still require a thorough understanding of the forces at work.

Taiwan's colorful night markets come alive when the sun sets, providing a fascinating window into the essence of Taiwanese culture. The night market in Taiwan is a popular destination, attracting visitors and ensuring satisfaction, with travel motivation playing a crucial role in brand equity and benefits (C.-H. S. Liu et al., 2021). These vibrant centers of activity combine gastronomic riches, sensory experiences, and a rich tapestry of traditions, making them must-visit locations for both locals and visitors. The role of the local authority is to thrill the community toward prosperity by carrying out the mandate of every country in promoting the community (Suparningsih et al., 2021). Promotion and there is no administration of gastronomic tourism as a medium that diverts regional food recipes (Suwandi et al., 2021). Motivation for travel is a significant factor in brand equity and benefits, and Taiwan's night market is a well-liked site that draws tourists and guarantees satisfaction (Ayad et al., 2021). With the help of this thorough guide, we explore the fascinating world of Taiwan's night

Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413 Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

markets and invite you to embark on a culinary journey through lively booths and busy lanes, where each nibble reveals a little of the island's rich history, and every purchase tells a story.

Implementing dynamic scenarios and captivating graphics improves seniors' satisfaction and well-being by using incentive theory in the market (Chiang, 2021). Taiwan's night markets, stretching from the vibrant streets of Taipei to the quaint lanes of Tainan and beyond, showcase the nation's diverse culture and culinary skills. Located close to well-known tourist destinations, the night market draws visitors with its clean, healthy food, safe atmosphere, and affordable rates (Ahmad et al., 2021). Every market has a distinct vibe and offers a mouth-watering selection of street food, handicrafts, and entertainment that are representative of the regional specialties and customs. DMOs and night market organizers should use genuine and nostalgic cues to draw in and keep travelers (Li et al., 2021). Taiwan's night markets have something to offer everyone, whether you're in the mood for the salty treats of stinky tofu and oyster omelets or are looking for the ideal souvenir to remember your experience.

Taiwan's night markets offer more than just delicious food and a vibrant atmosphere; The market provides a window into the island's history and identity. Visitors will find a mix of influences as they navigate the interweaving of booths and vendors; classic Chinese flavors coexist with Japanese and Taiwanese cuisine, all adding to the variety of flavors that characterize Taiwanese cuisine. To ensure that Taiwan's cultural legacy endures in the contemporary era, you can discover artisans and craftsmen working among the commotion, conserving age-old methods and customs. The research takes readers on a must-see market tour, showcasing their distinctive products and imparting people's knowledge to help get the most out of the visit. Regardless of the level of experience with night markets, this guide is vital for visitors to discover the authentic spirit of Taiwan's food and cultural heritage.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Night markets are deeply ingrained in Taiwanese culture, reflecting historical, social, and economic influences. Scholars have examined various aspects of night markets, including their historical development, economic significance, and social functions. Taiwan's night markets have a long history and are well-known overseas. Visiting a night market is one of the essential trips for foreign tourists who come to Taiwan (Sun & Lin, 2019). It is Made in Nine Cities overall -"Made in Nine-City" by Shi Wenbin. The song by Shi Wenbin addresses many topics that are significant to Taiwanese night market culture. The song, which is sung in Taiwanese, emphasizes how essential night markets are to Taiwanese popular culture (Yu, 2004).

Night markets are vital for local economies, fostering micro-entrepreneurship, job creation, and economic vitality through income from small-scale vendors and attracting residents and tourists. An increasing number of popularly frequented, but lightly studied, entrepreneurial events, such as farmer's markets, festivals, art walks, night markets, and other seasonal gatherings, occur regularly as forms of community meetups worldwide (Short et al., 2024). Understanding night market dynamics improves spatial experience through user-centered design and promotes venues as worthwhile destinations for various professional fields (Gomez et al., 2019)

To improve guest experience, invest in training, increase staff fluency in foreign languages, and promote localized culinary experiences (Kaushal & Yadav, 2024). Various sociodemographic groups have relatively different experiences and perceptions of the night market. Visitors have done more thought than by transient inhabitants. International tourists generally have a more robust image than temporary residents, while temporary residents have a stronger image in the atmosphere (Lee et al., 2008). Herzberg's two-factor theory, which consists of hygiene elements and motivators, provides

Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413 Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

a motivational perspective on what drives behavior. This theory can be utilized as an additional theoretical foundation to help explain the results. Customers will be dissatisfied if hygienic components are absent, but motivated customers are not always the result of their simple existence (Chang & Hsieh, 2006).

The main attractions drawing tourists to indulge in eating, gaming, shopping, and experiencing the authenticity of the local customs and culture include diversity, on-site business activities, and a friendly atmosphere (Hsieh & Chang, 2006). Local authorities had begun to realize the night market's role in encouraging the youth population to be more involved in business. They could be considered business incubators for aspiring entrepreneurs since they would need to invest minimally to start the company, the risk of failure was minimal, and the opportunity to earn a hefty income was minimal. Night markets, which are prevalent in Asia and are gaining popularity globally, can offer an alluring setting for showcasing cultural cuisine during moments when many people have more flexible schedules and can attend such events. These markets, which have hundreds of sellers showcasing regional cuisine, clothing, and other items, can act as destination locations (Short et al., 2024)

Night markets, which are prevalent in Asia and are gaining popularity globally, can offer an alluring setting for showcasing cultural cuisine during moments when many people have more flexible schedules and can attend such events (Short et al., 2024). Night markets, which are prevalent in Asia and are gaining popularity globally, can offer an alluring setting for showcasing cultural cuisine during moments when many people have more flexible schedules and can attend such events. With hundreds of sellers showcasing regional cuisine, clothing, and other items, these markets can act as destination locations (Chiu, 2013). Night markets serve as spaces where global cultural flows meet: Shi's mix of Mandarin, English, and Japanese terms within his Taiwanese verses, combined with a Persian melody, accurately reflects this important aspect of night markets (Yu, 2004). Tourists experience as a set of activities from leaving home until they return home (Thuan et al., 2022)

In cities and regions around the globe, migrations of people have continued to shape the makeup and making of neighborhoods, districts, and communities (Hou, 2013). The phenomenal rise of tourism in the world today has generated substantial research on it. Much has been written about the impact of tourism on the local economy, local people, and local culture; the impact of the tour and travel experience on the tourists themselves; and the impact of tourism on the world at large (O. P. Liu & Tee, 2021).

The research investigates ways to improve the overall experience for tourists visiting Taiwan's night markets, including improving signage, providing multilingual guides, implementing digital tools for navigation, or offering cultural workshops. The research also explores strategies to balance the preservation of the traditional essence and cultural significance of Taiwan's night markets with the demands of modernization and tourism development.

This research explores these markets' historical significance, social dynamics, and cultural practices. The study investigated factors influencing travelers' market choices, their spending patterns, and the impact of cultural authenticity on their satisfaction levels. The research focuses on the fusion of traditional and contemporary cuisine, food entrepreneurship's role, and the influence of global gastronomic trends.

Krisnadwipayana International Journal of Management Studies 1 (January - June) 2024 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413

Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69

RESEARCH METHOD

This research employs a qualitative approach, utilizing semi-structured interviews, participant observation, and content analysis to explore the experiences of individuals within Taiwan's night markets. This study used a qualitative approach by taking information from 15 informants who visited the night markets in Hualien City, Taipe city, and New Taipe City who had been recruited using purposive sampling to follow in-depth interviews. According to Creswell & Creswell (2017), phenomenological researchers describe the essence of lived experiences within a particular phenomenon presented through interviews or observations of several individual participants. According to Leavy (2017), a short-term study, such a qualitative, in-depth interview project where data are collected at one designated time, or in an experiment conducted over a short period, will only need to obtain informed consent once. To examine the complex relationships between food culture, purchasing habits, and cultural curiosity, this paper aims to close this knowledge gap.

The sample population includes both locals who frequent night markets as part of their everyday routines and tourists seeking authentic cultural experiences. Interviews are conducted with participants from diverse demographic backgrounds to capture a range of perspectives. Participant observation is utilized to immerse researchers in the atmosphere of night markets, enabling firsthand observation of social interactions, consumer behaviors, and cultural practices. Content analysis of online reviews and social media posts supplements the qualitative data, providing insights into tourists' perceptions and preferences regarding night market experiences. The characteristics of participants of this study were individuals who visited the night market for recreational purposes and were interested in experiencing the country's vibrant night markets. The study specifically targeted adults aged 18 and above, who tend to have purchased power and autonomy to engage in shopping, dining, and exploration activities at night markets.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Preliminary findings suggest that Taiwan's night markets offer a sensory feast for visitors, stimulating sight, smell, taste, and sound. Participants describe the vibrant atmosphere of night markets, characterized by bustling crowds, colorful displays, and the aroma of street food. Culinary experiences emerge as a central theme, with participants expressing enthusiasm for the diverse array of local delicacies available at night markets. From iconic dishes such as stinky tofu and oyster omelets to innovative street food creations, night markets showcase Taiwan's rich culinary heritage. Shopping practices also play a significant role, with participants highlighting the appeal of unique handicrafts, trendy fashion items, and affordable souvenirs found at night market stalls. Beyond food and shopping, night markets serve as cultural hubs where visitors can engage with traditional arts, performances, and community events, providing cultural exchange and exploration opportunities.

The findings of this study suggest that the food served at night markets is Stinky Tofu (Chou Doufu), which embraces the smell and savors the taste of this polarizing dish. Crispy on the outside, and soft on the inside, it's a must-try for adventurous foodies. Oyster Omelette (Oa-Ah-Tsian): indulge in this Taiwanese specialty featuring fresh oysters, eggs, and a savory sauce. Bubble Milk Tea (Zhen Zhu Nai Cha), satisfies your sweet tooth with Taiwan's famous beverage. Customize your tea with various toppings like tapioca pearls, jelly, or pudding. Gua Bao, sink your teeth into a tender, braised pork belly stuffed inside a fluffy steamed bun. It's a handheld delight bursting with flavor.

Scallion Pancake (Cong You Bing) is a beloved street food staple, crispy, flaky, and infused with fragrant scallions.

Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413 Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

Grilled Squid (Yan Su Ji): watch as vendors skillfully grill squid to perfection, seasoning it with spices and sauces for a delectable treat. Fried Chicken Cutlet (Ji Pai): enjoy Taiwan's take on fried chicken, featuring crispy, juicy meat seasoned with a blend of spices.

Here's an excerpt from an interview with one of the night market visitors:

Taiwan's night markets are a paradise for food lovers. The sheer variety of dishes available, from iconic street foods like stinky tofu to innovative twists on traditional favorites, is incredible. Every stall offers a new culinary adventure, and the vibrant atmosphere adds to the dining experience – ML.

In addition to food, the night market also sells goods in the form of night market fashion, and customers can browse through stalls offering trendy clothing, accessories, and footwear at bargain prices. From streetwear to traditional garments, there's something for everyone. Local Handicrafts, support local artisans by purchasing handmade souvenirs such as keychains, ceramics, and artwork showcasing Taiwan's rich cultural heritage. Electronic Gadgets, explore electronic markets within night markets for the latest gadgets, accessories, and tech innovations at competitive prices. Novelty Items: discover quirky and unique items like quirky phone cases, novelty socks, and cute stationery that make perfect gifts or souvenirs for your trip.

Street Food Gadgets, pick up handy gadgets like bubble teacups, with built-in straws or portable hot pot sets to recreate your favorite Taiwanese street food experiences at home. Street Performances: immerse yourself in the lively atmosphere of night markets with live music performances, magic shows, and traditional dance acts. Night markets offer diverse products, from trendy fashion pieces to quirky accessories, all at bargain prices. The atmosphere is electric, with vendors showcasing the latest trends alongside timeless classics. It's a paradise for fashion enthusiasts and bargain hunters alike – AC.

Other research findings in the form of visitor experience include: Temple Visits. Many night markets are located near temples, allowing one to explore these architectural marvels and soak in Taiwan's religious traditions. Game Booths: Test your skills at various game booths that offer prizes ranging from plush toys to snacks. Challenge your friends to a friendly competition and win some souvenirs. Local Hangouts: start conversations with locals and fellow travelers as you stroll through the bustling lanes of the night market. Learn about hidden gems and insider tips for exploring Taiwan.

Night markets are a microcosm of Taiwanese culture, bringing together people from all walks of life to celebrate food, shopping, and community. You'll find traditional dishes alongside modern interpretations, reflecting Taiwan's culinary evolution. And the lively atmosphere, with street performers and game booths, embodies the spirit of Taiwanese hospitality and camaraderie – WC.

The findings of this study underscore the multifunctional nature of Taiwan's night markets, which serve as sites of cultural preservation, economic activity, and social interaction. The sensory stimulation and culinary diversity offered by night markets contribute to their appeal as tourist attractions, attracting visitors from around the globe. However, challenges associated with the commercialization and gentrification of night markets threaten their authenticity and undermine their role as grassroots cultural spaces. Sustainable management strategies are needed to balance the preservation of tradition with the demands of tourism and urban development.

The research identified three standout aspects of the night market: eating, shopping, and exploring. Taiwanese cuisine is a delightful fusion of flavors, drawing inspiration from various culinary traditions, including Chinese, Japanese, and indigenous Taiwanese cuisine. Night markets serve as the quintessential stage for this culinary extravaganza, where various delectable street food beckons food enthusiasts from far and wide. From the iconic stinky tofu to the heavenly aroma of

Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413 Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

freshly steamed buns, every corner of Taiwan's night markets offers a tantalizing feast for the senses. Each market boasts its own signature dishes and specialties, reflecting the unique culinary heritage of its region. For instance, the Keelung Miaokou Night Market is renowned for its seafood delicacies, while the Taichung Fengjia Night Market tantalizes taste buds with its array of desserts and snacks. Exploring the culinary landscape of Taiwan's night markets is a gustatory experience and a cultural immersion, offering insights into the nation's rich culinary traditions and the innovative spirit of its street food vendors.

Taiwan's night markets not only provide a wide array of culinary experiences but also serve as veritable treasure troves for avid consumers searching for one-of-a-kind souvenirs and fashionable items. The markets have kiosks filled with everything from handcrafted handicrafts to the newest fashion accessories, creating a rich tapestry of traditional craft and modern trends. Visitors to Taiwan's night markets are sure to discover something interesting, whether they are perusing racks of vintage apparel or admiring beautifully made pottery. Not only is bargaining acceptable, but it's encouraged, which makes buying more exciting. Every market has a unique personality, whether it's the lively Shilin Night Market or the sleepy and picturesque Jiufen Old Street. Discovering the purchasing possibilities at Taiwan's night markets provides an opportunity to purchase one-of-a-kind souvenirs and an insight into the ingenuity, skill, and spirit of entrepreneurship of the country's artisans and vendors.

Beyond the foodie treats and retail adventures, Taiwan's night markets provide many chances to discover and explore different cultures. Visitors can get a sense of Taiwan's rich history and tradition by visiting the many markets that are located in historic areas or close to cultural attractions. For instance, the landmark Chihkan Tower is close to the Tainan Flower Night Market. Simultaneously, the city's famous Songshan Ciyou Temple provides a picturesque backdrop for the Taipei Raohe Street Night Market. Night markets offer traditional performances, such as puppet shows, indigenous music and dance, and architectural icons. These educational and entertaining cultural events promote a greater respect for Taiwan's history while providing insights into the country's rich cultural tapestry.

CONCLUSION

Research findings from Taiwan's night markets can enhance visitor experiences by understanding tourists' motivations, preferences, and challenges. These insights can guide marketing strategies, preserving cultural authenticity while embracing modernization. Policymakers should prioritize infrastructure development projects, engage local communities in market management, and foster intercultural dialogue. Sustainable tourism development strategies should prioritize environmental stewardship, social inclusivity, and economic resilience. Additionally, understanding tourists' perspectives on regulatory issues can advocate for flexible and adaptive regulatory frameworks that support the vitality of Taiwan's night markets.

Taiwan's night markets represent vibrant expressions of local culture and community spirit, offering immersive experiences that captivate locals and tourists alike. Through a qualitative research approach, this paper has provided insights into the diverse dimensions of night market experiences, from culinary indulgence to cultural exploration. By recognizing the importance of night markets as socio-cultural spaces and tourism assets, policymakers, urban planners, and stakeholders can work together to ensure their preservation and sustainable development for future generations to enjoy.

Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024 DOI: https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401 Mukhamad Zulianto: 62 - 69 Printed ISSN: 2776-0413 Electronic ISSN: 2775-5029

REFERENCES:

- Ahmad, A., Tian, C. B., & Hussain, M. F. (2021). Customers Behaviour and Tourist Attraction Factors of the Bestari Jaya Night Market. *International Journal of Early Childhood Special Education*, 13(1), 193–202. https://doi.org/10.9756/INT-JECSE/V13I1.211022
- Ayad, T., Elshaer, I. A., Moustafa, M. A., & Shaker, A. M. (2021). Examining the relationship among counterfeit product, consumer buying behavior, and sustainable tourism development. *International Journal of Customer Relationship Marketing and Management*, 12(4), 61–75. https://doi.org/10.4018/IJCRMM.2021100105
- Chang, J., & Hsieh, A. T. (2006). Leisure motives of eating out in night markets. *Journal of Business Research*, 59(12), 1276–1278. https://doi.org/10.1016/J.JBUSRES.2006.10.002
- Chiang, C.-H. (2021). Constructing the Seniors Learns XR Innovative Night Market Play Situation with ARCS Theory. *3rd IEEE Eurasia Conference on Biomedical Engineering, Healthcare and Sustainability, ECBIOS 2021*, 156–158. https://doi.org/10.1109/ECBIOS51820.2021.9510874
- Chiu, C. (2013). Informal management, interactive performance: Street vendors and police in a Taipei night market. *International Development Planning Review*, 35(4), 335–352. https://doi.org/10.3828/idpr.2013.24
- Creswell, J. W., & Creswell, J. D. (2017). Research design: Qualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed methods Approaches. Sage publications.
- Gomez, C. A. J., Alquijay, S. I. S., & Wang, R. S.-M. (2019). A smart city approach of pedestrians' spatial experience in night markets using space syntax analysis. *Proceedings of Science*, 351.
- Hou, J. (2013). Transcultural cities: Border-crossing and placemaking. In *Transcultural Cities: Border-Crossing and Placemaking*. https://doi.org/10.4324/9780203075777
- Hsieh, A. T., & Chang, J. (2006). Shopping and Tourist Night Markets in Taiwan. *Tourism Management*, 27(1), 138–145. https://doi.org/10.1016/J.TOURMAN.2004.06.017
- Hung, H.-K., & Wu, C.-C. (2020). Impact of night markets on residents' quality of life. *Social Behavior and Personality*, 48(8). https://doi.org/10.2224/sbp.8316
- Kanekar, A. (2024). Chimeric city: Liminal spaces of Indian night markets. In *The Interior Urbanism Theory Reader*. https://doi.org/10.4324/9780429443091-46
- Kaushal, V., & Yadav, R. (2024). Exploring luxury hospitality customer experience of Maldives tourists amidst COVID-19 pandemic. *Consumer Behavior in Tourism and Hospitality*, 19(1), 140–165. https://doi.org/10.1108/CBTH-04-2022-0085
- Leavy, P. (2017). Research Design: Quantitative, Qualitative, Mixed Methods, Arts-Based, and Community-Based Participatory Research Approaches. The Guilford Press.

 Volume 4 Issue 1 (January - June) 2024
 Printed ISSN : 2776-0413

 DOI : https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v4i1.401
 Electronic ISSN : 2775-5029

 Mukhamad Zulianto : 62 - 69
 Electronic ISSN : 2775-5029

- Lee, S.-H., Chang, S.-C., Hou, J.-S., & Lin, C.-H. (2008). Night market experience and image of temporary residents and foreign visitors. *International Journal of Culture, Tourism and Hospitality Research*, 2(3), 217–233. https://doi.org/10.1108/17506180810891591
- Li, X., Kong, W. H., & Yang, F. X. (2021). Authentic food experiences bring us back to the past: an investigation of a local food night market. *Journal of Travel and Tourism Marketing*, 38(3), 233–246. https://doi.org/10.1080/10548408.2021.1902910
- Liu, C.-H. S., Chou, S.-F., & Lin, J.-Y. (2021). Implementation and evaluation of tourism industry: Evidentiary case study of night market development in Taiwan. *Evaluation and Program Planning*, 89. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.evalprogplan.2021.101961
- Liu, O. P., & Tee, O. P. (2021). The Making of Jonker Walk: Night Market, Pedestrian Mall or Culture Street? In *Asian Futures, Asian Traditions*. https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004213784_017
- Short, J. C., Chandler, J. A., & Wolfe, M. (2024). Community markets and entrepreneurship: A primer. *Journal of Business Venturing Insights*, 21. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbvi.2024.e00453
- Sun, Y., & Lin, S. (2019). A Feasibility Study on the Transformation and Sustainable Development of "Disposable Tableware" in Taiwan Night Market. In *Lecture Notes in Computer Science* (including subseries Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence and Lecture Notes in Bioinformatics): Vol. 11577 LNCS. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-22580-3_27
- Suparningsih, B., Tjahyo, H. I., & Suharto. (2021). Measuring Community Satisfaction in Local Authority: Important Satisfaction Analysis. *Krisnadwipayana International Journal of Management Studies*, *I*(1), 1–4. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.35137/kijms.v1i1.135
- Suwandi, A., Fajria Utami, N., Fitriyani, E., Rama Panji Wulung, S., & Studi Pendidikan Pariwisata, P. (2021). Analysis of Tourism Education to Promote Innovation in Gastronomy. *Journal of Indonesian Tourism, Hospitality and Recreation*, *4*(2), 173–180. https://doi.org/10.17509/JITHOR.V4I2.32990
- Thuan, D., Nguyen, A., & Hsu, L. (2022). Travel experience of Southeast Asian solo female travelers. *Journal of Indonesian Tourism, Hospitality and Recreation*, 5(2), 127–144. https://doi.org/10.17509/jithor.v5i2
- Yu, S.-D. (2004). Hot and noisy: Taiwan's night market culture. In *The Minor Arts of Daily Life:* Popular Culture in Taiwan.